

SIPMOS® Small-Signal-Transistor

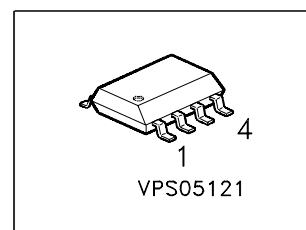
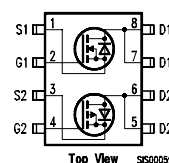
Features

- Dual N- and P -Channel
- Enhancement mode
- Logic Level
- Avalanche rated
- dv/dt rated

Product Summary

		N	P	
Drain source voltage	V_{DS}	30	-30	V
Drain-Source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	0.11	0.25	Ω
Continuous drain current	I_D	3.4	-2.3	A

Type	Package	Ordering Code
BSO 315 C	SO 8	Q67041-S4014



Maximum Ratings, at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		N	P	
Continuous drain current $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ $T_A = 70\text{ °C}$	I_D	3.4 2.7	-2.3 -1.8	A
Pulsed drain current $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$	$I_{D\text{ puls}}$	11.6	-7.2	
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D = 2.9\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$, $R_{GS} = 25\text{ }\Omega$ $I_D = -1.8\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = -25\text{ V}$, $R_{GS} = 25\text{ }\Omega$	E_{AS}	25 -	- 35	mJ
Avalanche energy, periodic limited by $T_{j\text{max}}$	E_{AR}	0.2	0.2	
Reverse diode dv/dt , $T_{j\text{max}} = 150\text{ °C}$ $I_S = 2.9\text{ A}$, $V_{DS} = 24$, $di/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $I_S = -1.8\text{ A}$, $V_{DS} = -24$, $di/dt = -200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	dv/dt	6 -	- 6	kV/ μs
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Power dissipation $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$	P_{tot}	2	2	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1		55/150/56		

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	

Dynamic Characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - soldering point (Pin 5, 6, 7, 8)	N	R_{thJS}	-	-	40	K/W
	P		-	-	40	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint; $t \leq 10$ sec. @ 6 cm ² cooling area ¹⁾ ; $t \leq 10$ sec. @ min. footprint; $t \leq 10$ sec. @ 6 cm ² cooling area ¹⁾ ; $t \leq 10$ sec.	N	R_{thJA}	-	-	100	
	N		-	-	62.5	
	P		-	-	70	
	P		-	-	62.5	

Static Characteristics, at $T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Drain- source breakdown voltage $V_{GS} = 0$ V, $I_D = 250$ μ A $V_{GS} = 0$ V, $I_D = -250$ μ A	N	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	30	-	-	V
	P		-30	-	-	
Gate threshold voltage, $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ $I_D = 20$ μ A $I_D = -230$ μ A	N	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.2	1.6	2	
	P		-1	-1.5	-2.0	
Zero gate voltage drain current $V_{DS} = 30$ V, $V_{GS} = 0$ V, $T_j = 25$ °C $V_{DS} = 30$ V, $V_{GS} = 0$ V, $T_j = 125$ °C $V_{DS} = -30$ V, $V_{GS} = 0$ V, $T_j = 25$ °C $V_{DS} = -30$ V, $V_{GS} = 0$ V, $T_j = 125$ °C	N	I_{DSS}	-	0.1	1	μ A
	N		-	10	100	
	P		-	-0.1	-1	
	P		-	-10	-100	
Gate-source leakage current $V_{GS} = 20$ V, $V_{DS} = 0$ V $V_{GS} = -20$ V, $V_{DS} = 0$ V	N	I_{GSS}	-	10	100	nA
	P		-	-10	-100	
Drain-Source on-state resistance $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V, $I_D = 2.9$ A $V_{GS} = -4.5$ V, $I_D = -1.8$ A	N	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.1	0.15	Ω
	P		-	0.2	0.4	
Drain-Source on-state resistance $V_{GS} = 10$ V, $I_D = 3.4$ A $V_{GS} = -10$ V, $I_D = -2.3$ A	N	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.06	0.11	Ω
	P		-	0.13	0.25	

¹Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μ m thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

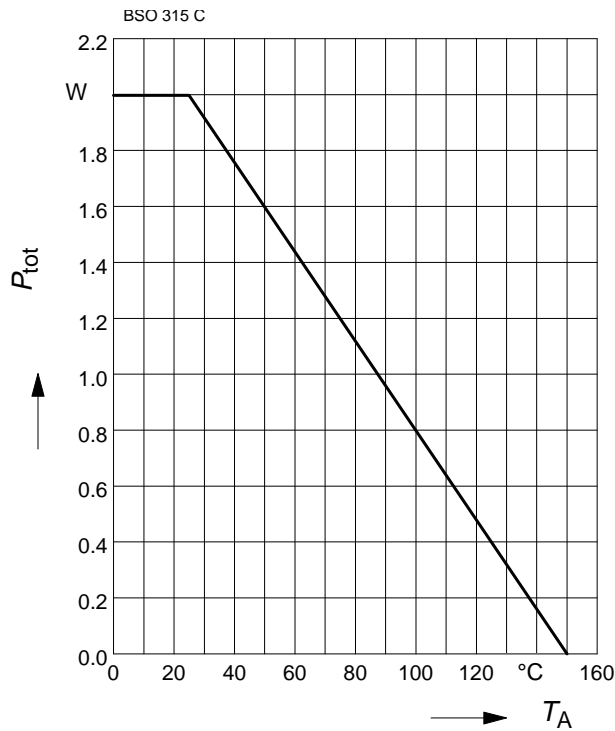
Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Characteristics						
Transconductance		g_{fs}				S
$V_{DS} \geq 2 * I_D * R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 2.9$ A	N		2.2	4.5	-	
$V_{V_{DS} \geq 2 * I_D * R_{DS(on)max}}$, $I_D = -1.8$ A	P		1.6	3.2	-	
Input capacitance		C_{iss}				pF
$V_{GS} = 0$ V, $V_{DS} = 25$ V, $f = 1$ MHz	N		-	200	250	
$V_{GS} = 0$ V, $V_{DS} = -25$ V, $f = 1$ MHz	P		-	200	250	
Output capacitance		C_{oss}				
$V_{GS} = 0$ V, $V_{DS} = 25$ V, $f = 1$ MHz	N		-	93	116	
$V_{GS} = 0$ V, $V_{DS} = -25$ V, $f = 1$ MHz	P		-	113	140	
Reverse transfer capacitance		C_{rss}				
$V_{GS} = 0$ V, $V_{DS} = 25$ V, $f = 1$ MHz	N		-	50	63	
$V_{GS} = 0$ V, $V_{DS} = -25$ V, $f = 1$ MHz	P		-	38	48	
Turn-on delay time		$t_{d(on)}$				ns
$V_{DD} = 15$ V, $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V, $I_D = 2.9$ A, $R_G = 33 \Omega$	N		-	15	22	
$V_{DD} = -15$ V, $V_{GS} = -4.5$ V, $I_D = -1.8$ A, $R_G = 24 \Omega$	P		-	22	33	
Rise time		t_r				
$V_{DD} = 15$ V, $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V, $I_D = 2.9$ A, $R_G = 33 \Omega$	N		-	96	144	
$V_{DD} = -15$ V, $V_{GS} = -4.5$ V, $I_D = -1.8$ A, $R_G = 24 \Omega$	P		-	71	107	
Turn-off delay time		$t_{d(off)}$				
$V_{DD} = 15$ V, $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V, $I_D = 2.9$ A, $R_G = 33 \Omega$	N		-	13	20	
$V_{DD} = -15$ V, $V_{GS} = -4.5$ V, $I_D = -1.8$ A, $R_G = 24 \Omega$	P		-	56	84	
Fall time		t_f				
$V_{DD} = 15$ V, $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V, $I_D = 2.9$ A, $R_G = 33 \Omega$	N		-	20	30	
$V_{DD} = -15$ V, $V_{GS} = -4.5$ V, $I_D = -1.8$ A, $R_G = 24 \Omega$	P		-	61	90	

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter		Symbol	Values			Unit	
			min.	typ.	max.		
Characteristics							
Gate to source charge $V_{DD} = 24\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.4\text{ A}$ $V_{DD} = -24\text{ V}$, $I_D = -2.3\text{ A}$	N P	Q_{gs}	- -	1.1 1.1	1.6 1.6	nC	
Gate to drain charge $V_{DD} = 24\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.4\text{ A}$ $V_{DD} = -24\text{ V}$, $I_D = -2.3\text{ A}$	N P	Q_{gd}	- -	3.3 2.1	5 3.2		
Gate charge total $V_{DD} = 24\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.4\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ to }10\text{V}$ $V_{DD} = -24\text{ V}$, $I_D = -2.3\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ to }-10\text{V}$	N P	Q_g	- -	7.8 7	11.7 10		
Gate plateau voltage $V_{DD} = 24\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.4\text{ A}$ $V_{DD} = -24\text{ V}$, $I_D = -2.3\text{ A}$	N P	$V_{(\text{plateau})}$	- -	3.5 -2.8	- -		V
Reverse Diode							
Inverse diode continuous forward current $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	N P	I_S	- -	- -	2.9 -1.8	A	
Inverse diode direct current,pulsed $T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	N P	I_{SM}	- -	- -	11.6 -7.2		
Inverse diode forward voltage $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_F = I_S$ $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_F = I_S$	N P	V_{SD}	- -	0.85 -0.85	1.1 -1.1	V	
Reverse recovery time $V_R = 15\text{ V}$, $I_F = I_S$, $di_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = -15\text{ V}$, $I_F = I_S$, $di_F/dt = -100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	N P	t_{rr}	- -	25 60	38 90	ns	
Reverse recovery charge $V_R = 15\text{ V}$, $I_F = I_S$, $di_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = -15\text{ V}$, $I_F = I_S$, $di_F/dt = -100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	N P	Q_{rr}	- -	12 37	18 55	μC	

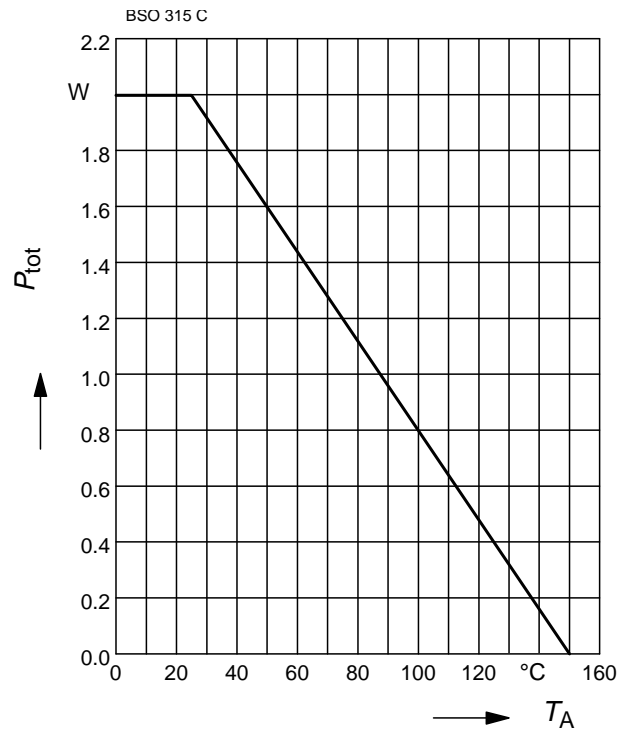
Power Dissipation (N-Ch.)

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_A)$$



Power Dissipation (P-Ch.)

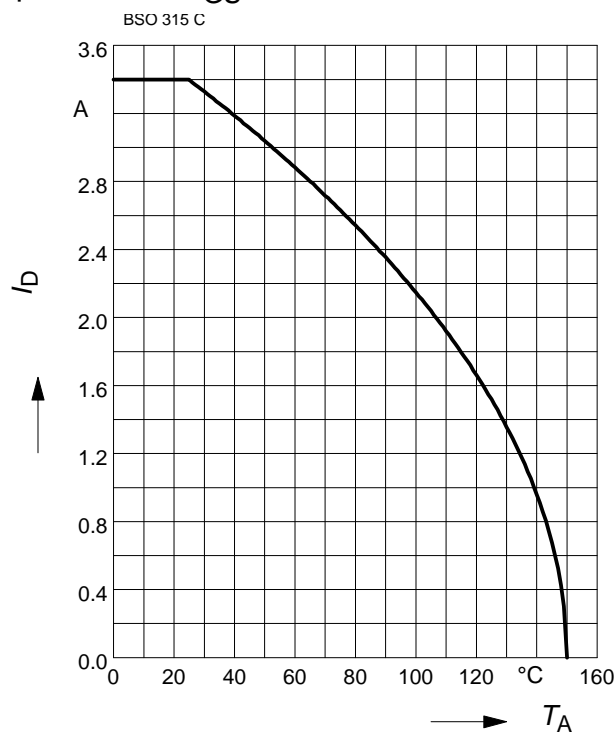
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_A)$$



Drain current (N-Ch.)

$$I_D = f(T_A)$$

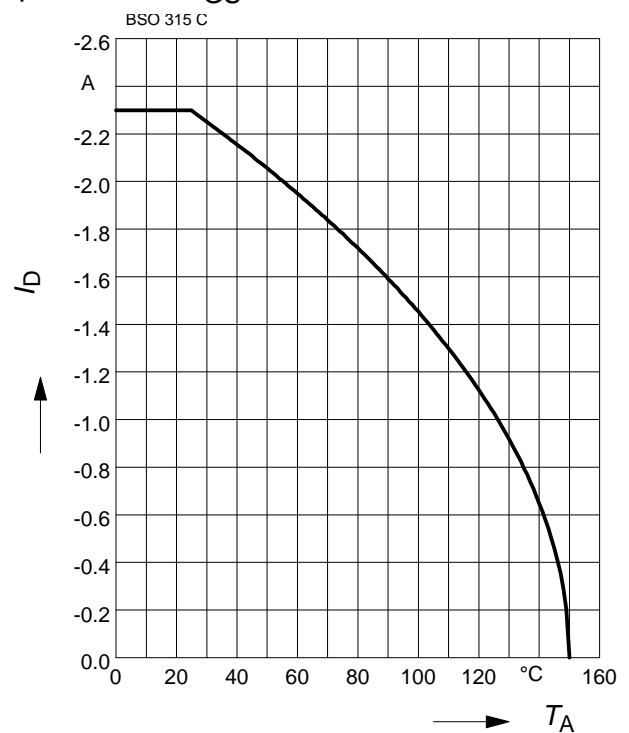
parameter: $V_{GS} \geq 10 \text{ V}$



Drain current (P-Ch.)

$$I_D = f(T_A)$$

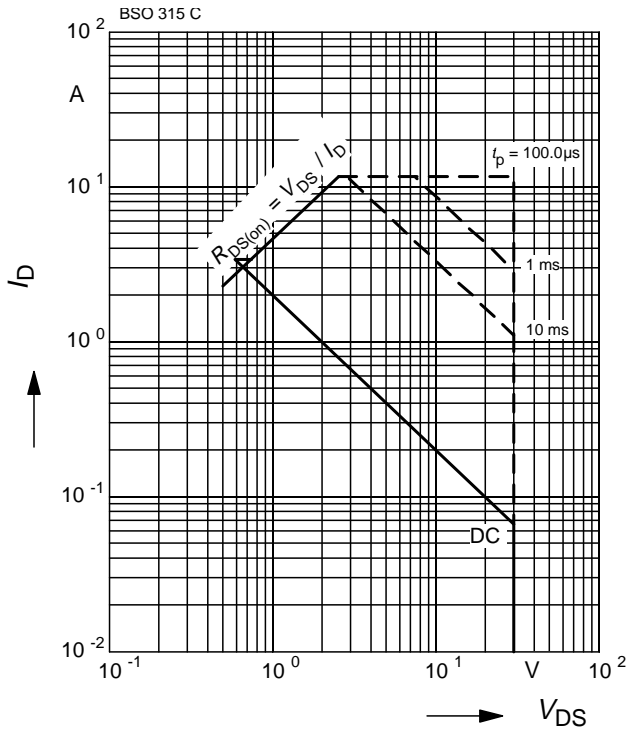
parameter: $V_{GS} \geq -10 \text{ V}$



Safe operating area (N-Ch.)

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

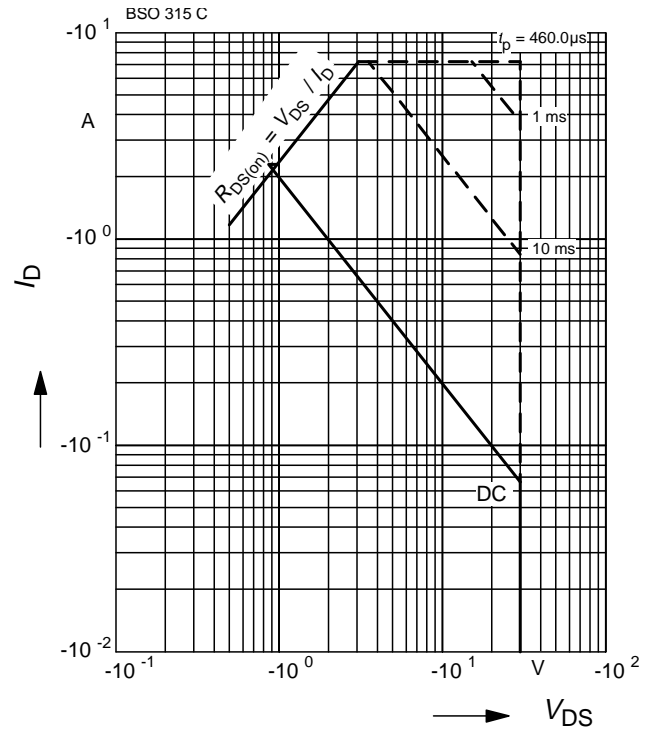
parameter : $D = 0$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



Safe operating area (P-Ch.)

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

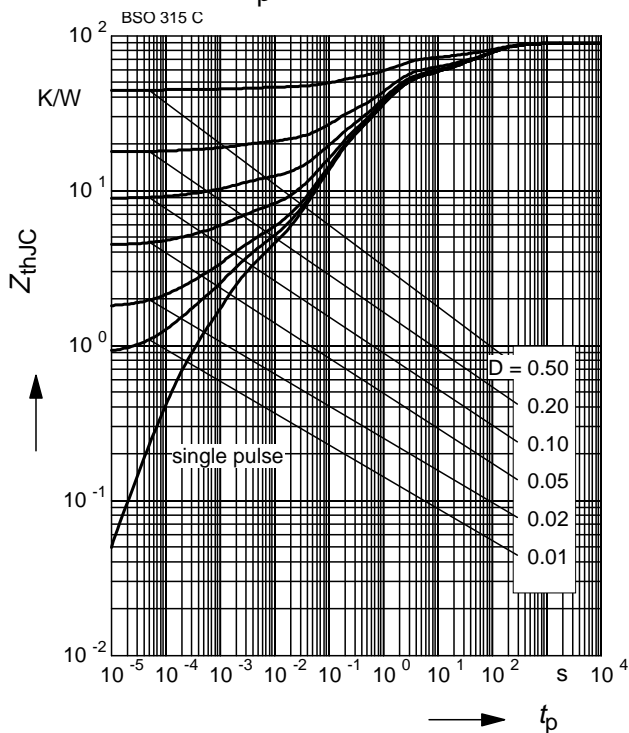
parameter : $D = 0$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



Transient thermal impedance (N-Ch.)

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

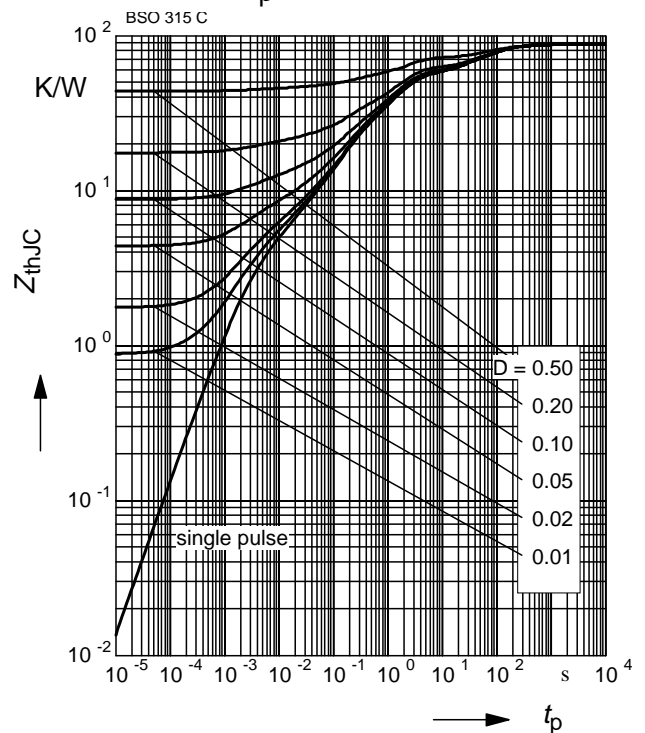
parameter : $D = t_p/T$



Transient thermal impedance (P-Ch.)

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

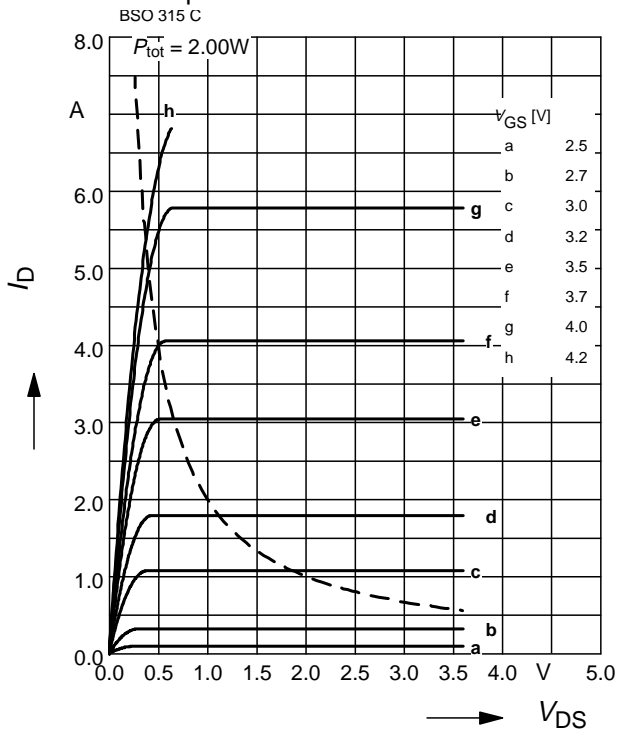
parameter : $D = t_p/T$



Typ. output characteristics (N-Ch.)

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

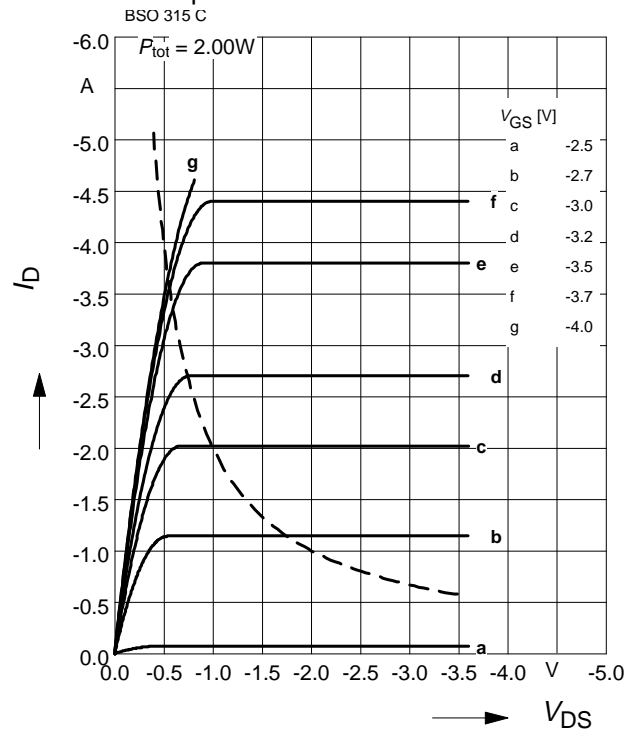
parameter: $t_p = 80 \mu s$



Typ. output characteristics (P-Ch.)

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

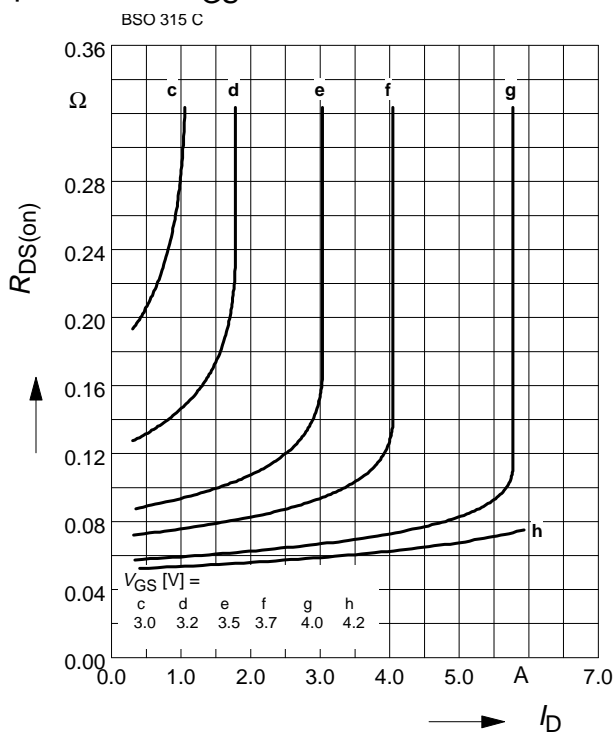
parameter: $t_p = 80 \mu s$



Typ. drain-source-on-resistance (N-Ch.)

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

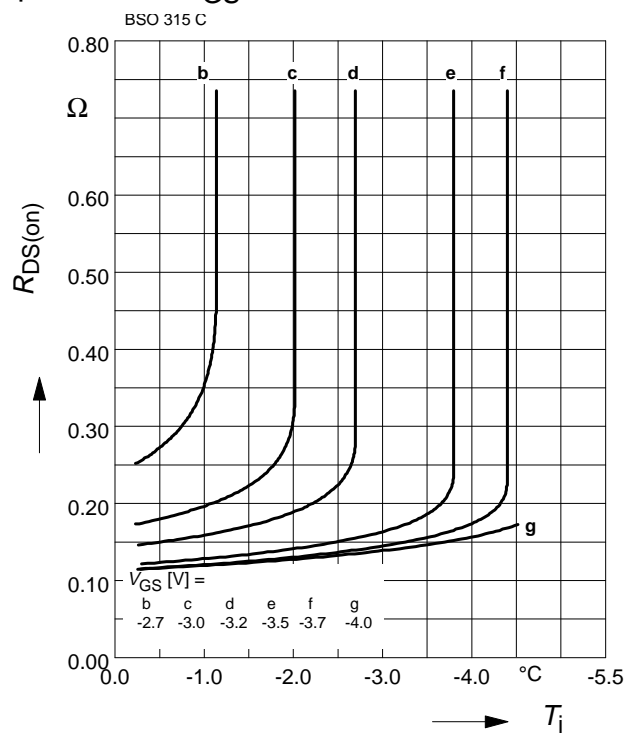
parameter: V_{GS}



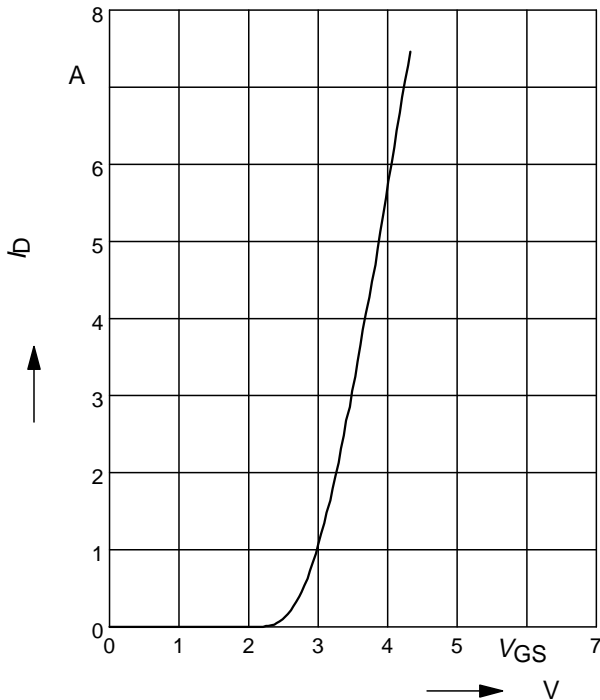
Typ. drain-source-on-resistance (P-Ch.)

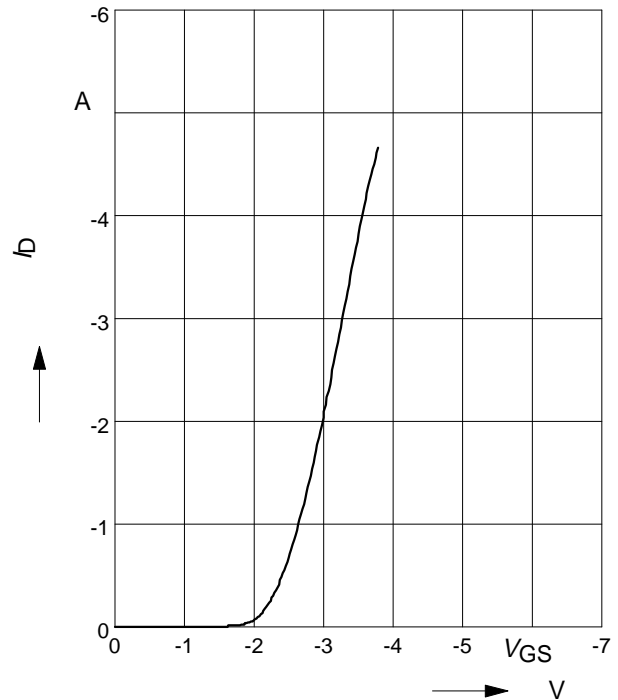
$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

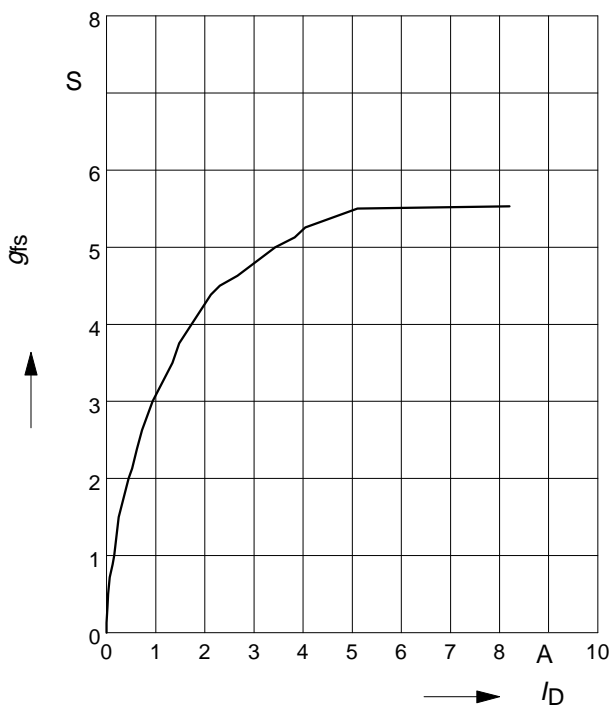
parameter: V_{GS}

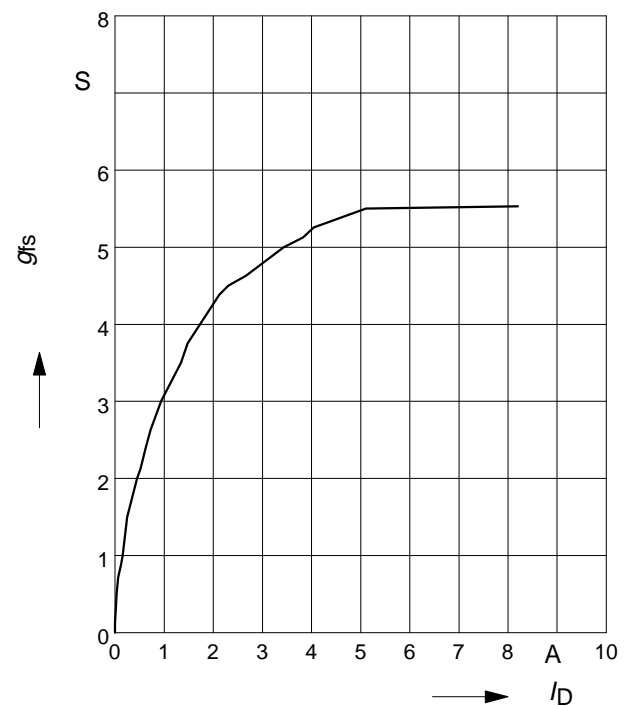


Typ. transfer characteristics (N-Ch.)

parameter: $t_p = 80 \mu s$
 $I_D = f(V_{GS}), V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$

Typ. transfer characteristics (P-Ch.)

parameter: $t_p = 80 \mu s$
 $I_D = f(V_{GS}), V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$

Typ. forward transconductance (N-Ch.)
 $g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ C$

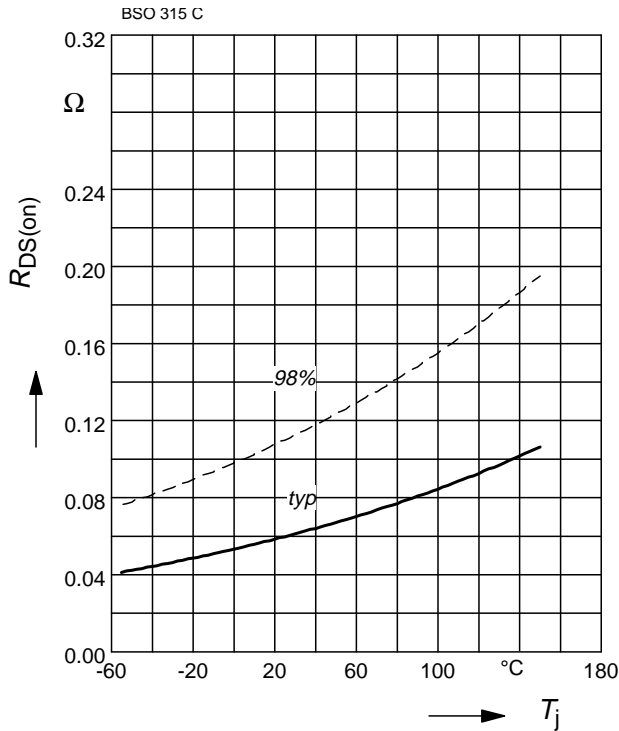
parameter: g_{fs}

Typ. forward transconductance (P-Ch.)
 $g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ C$

parameter: g_{fs}


Drain-source on-resistance (N-Ch.)

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

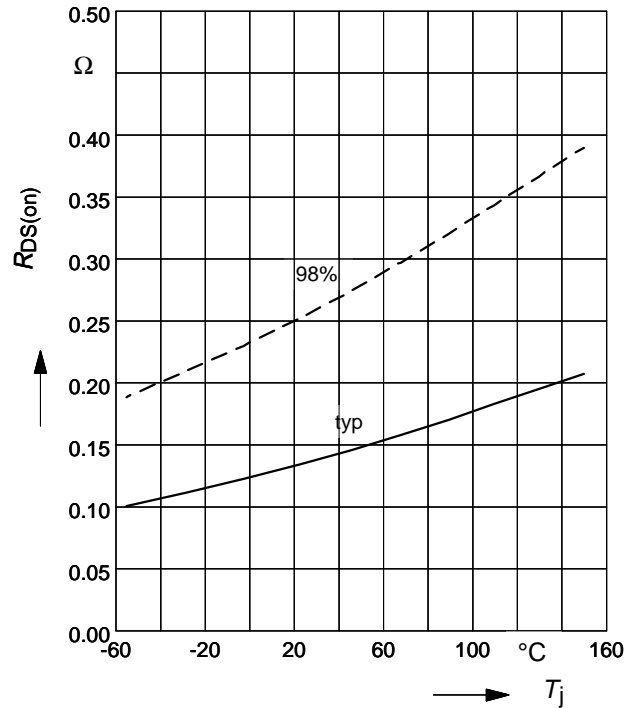
parameter: $I_D = 3.4 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$



Drain-source on-resistance (P-Ch.)

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

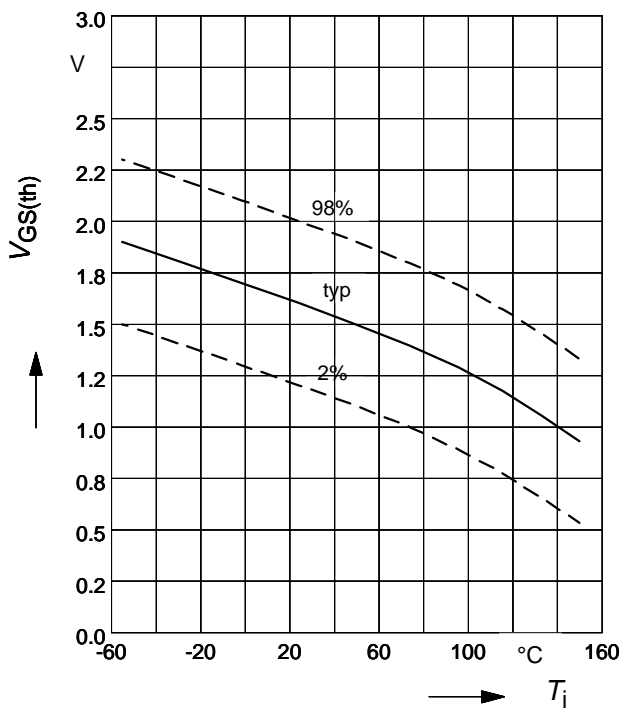
Parameter: $I_D = -2.3 \text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$



Gate threshold voltage (N-Ch.)

$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j)$$

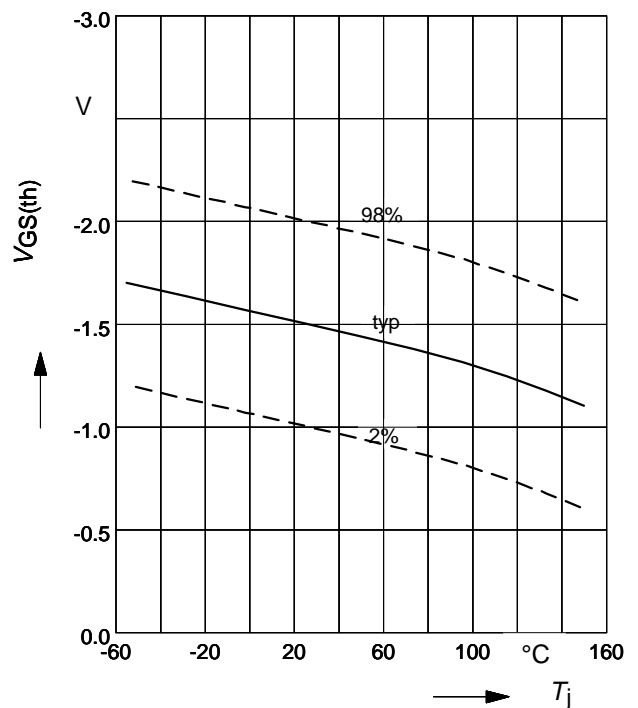
parameter: $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 20 \mu\text{A}$



Gate threshold voltage (P-Ch.)

$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j)$$

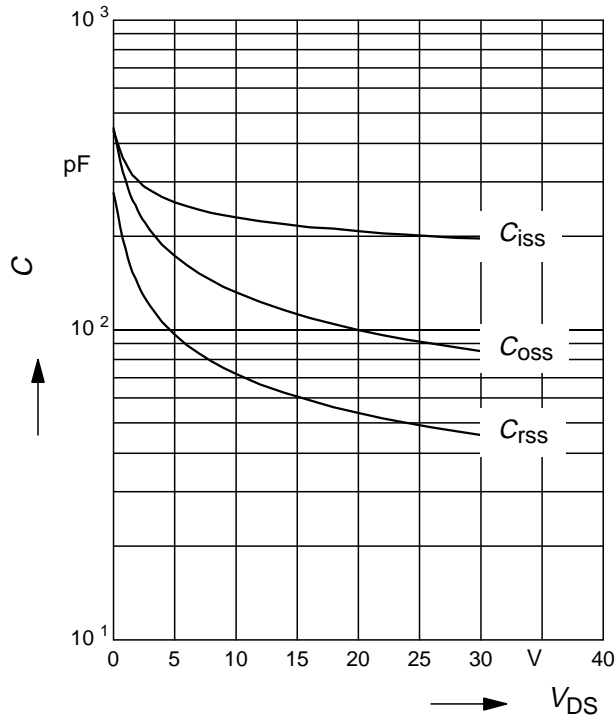
parameter: $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = -230 \mu\text{A}$



Typ. capacitances (N-Ch.)

$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

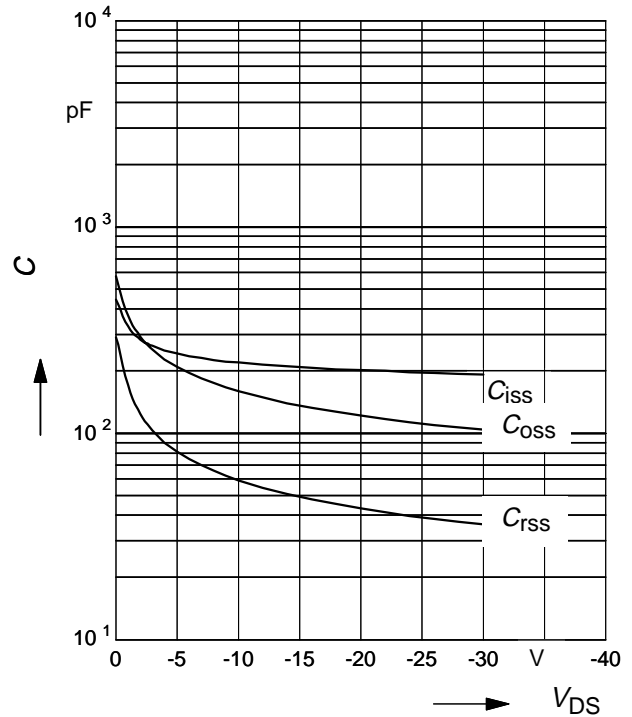
parameter: $V_{GS}=0$ V, $f=1$ MHz



Typ. capacitances (P-Ch.)

$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

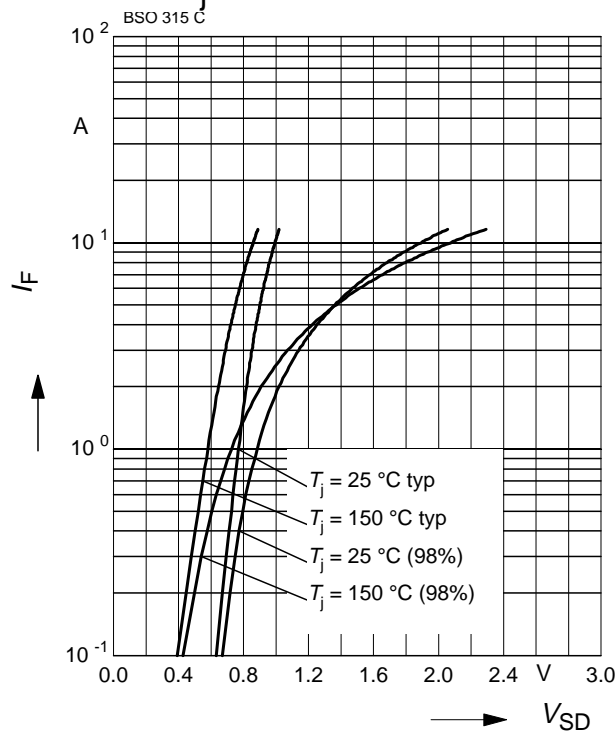
parameter: $V_{GS}=0$ V, $f=1$ MHz



Forward characteristics of reverse diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD}), \text{ (N-Ch.)}$$

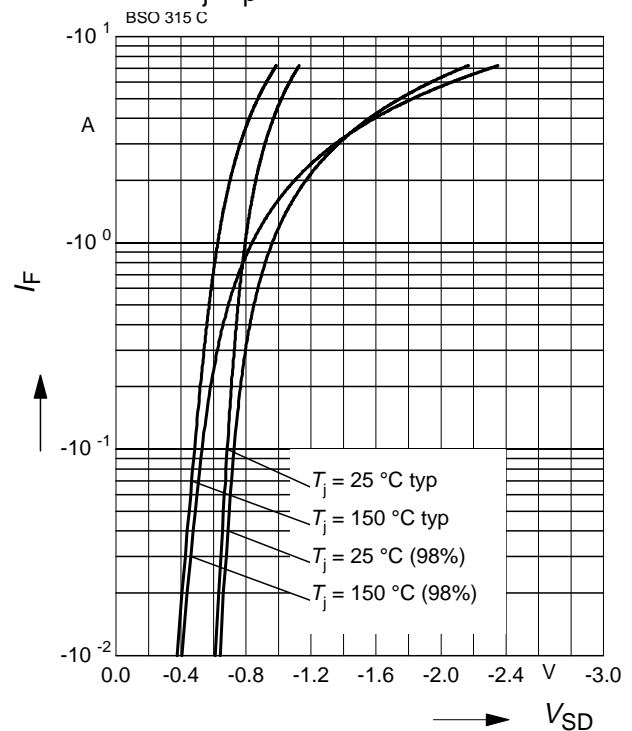
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 80$ μ s



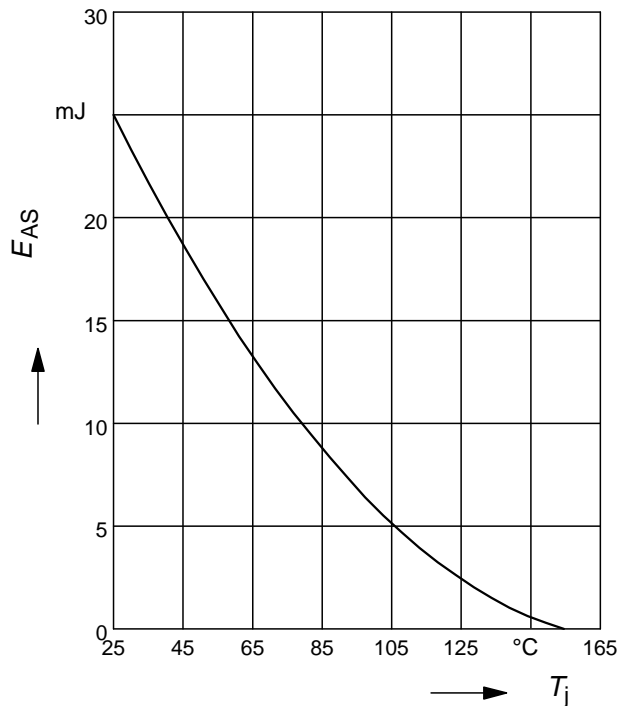
Forward characteristics of reverse diode

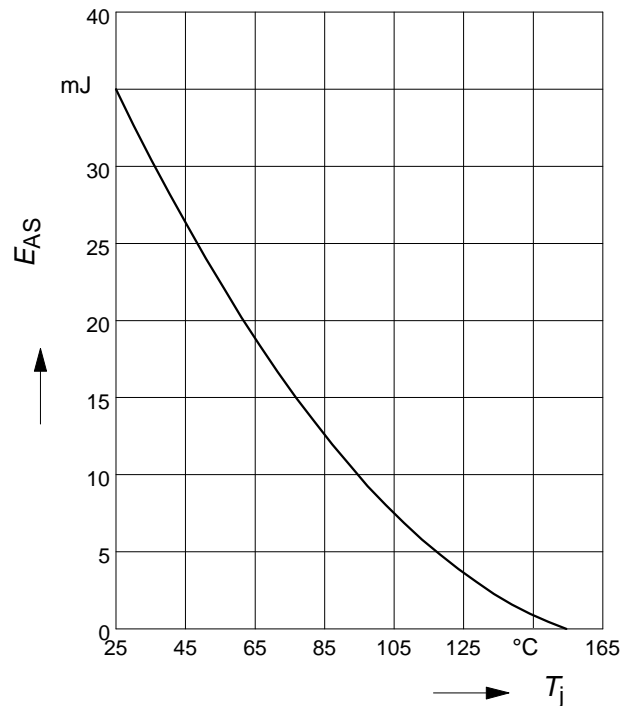
$$I_F = f(V_{SD}), \text{ (P-Ch.)}$$

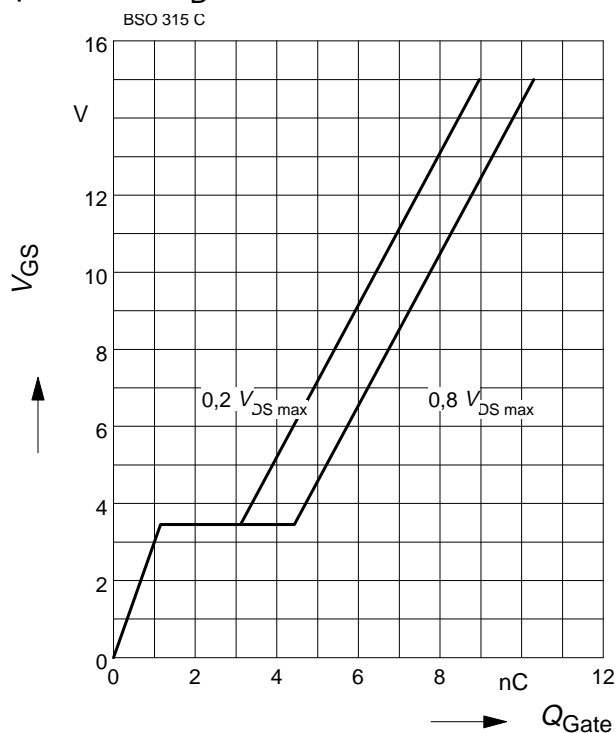
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 80$ μ s

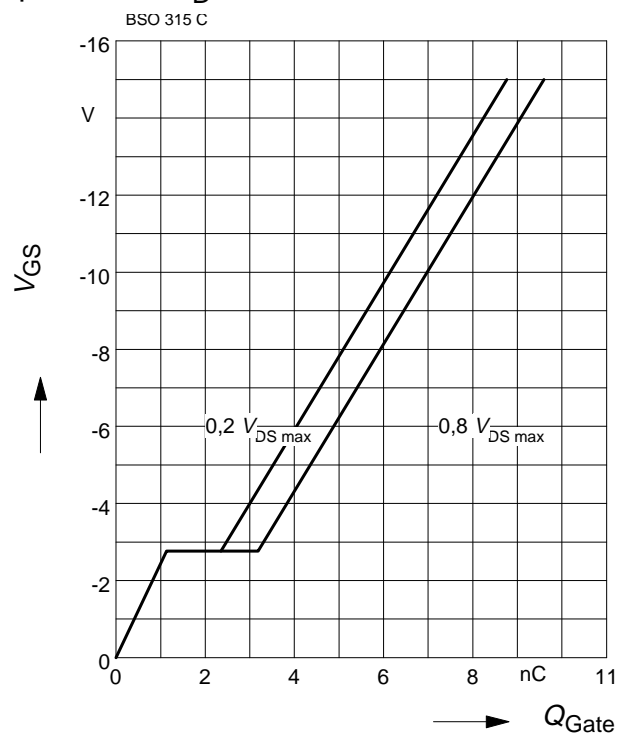


Avalanche Energy $E_{AS} = f(T_j)$ (N-Ch.)

parameter: $I_D = 2.9 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 25 \text{ V}$
 $R_{GS} = 25 \Omega$

Avalanche Energy $E_{AS} = f(T_j)$

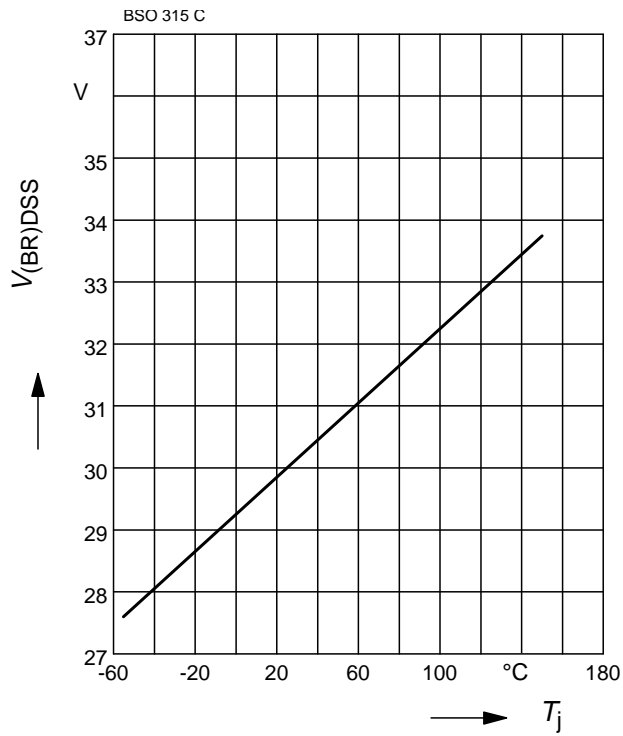
parameter: $I_D = -1.8 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = -25 \text{ V}$
 $R_{GS} = 25 \Omega$

Typ. gate charge (N-Ch.)
 $V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$

parameter: $I_D = 3.4 \text{ A}$

Typ. gate charge (P-Ch.)
 $V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$

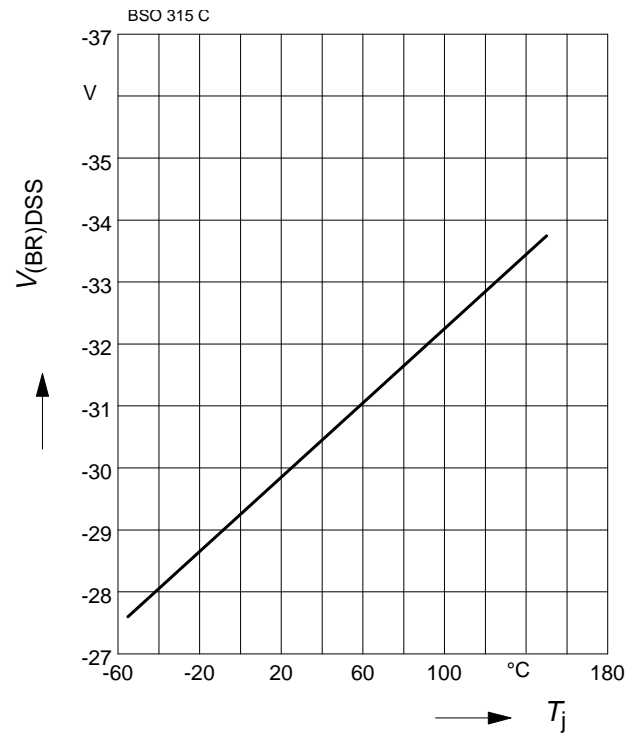
parameter: $I_D = -2.3 \text{ A}$


Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j), \text{ (N-Ch.)}$$


Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j), \text{ (P-Ch.)}$$



Published by
Infineon Technologies AG,
Bereichs Kommunikation
St.-Martin-Strasse 53,
D-81541 München
© Infineon Technologies AG 1999
All Rights Reserved.

Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies Representatives worldwide (see address list).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.